



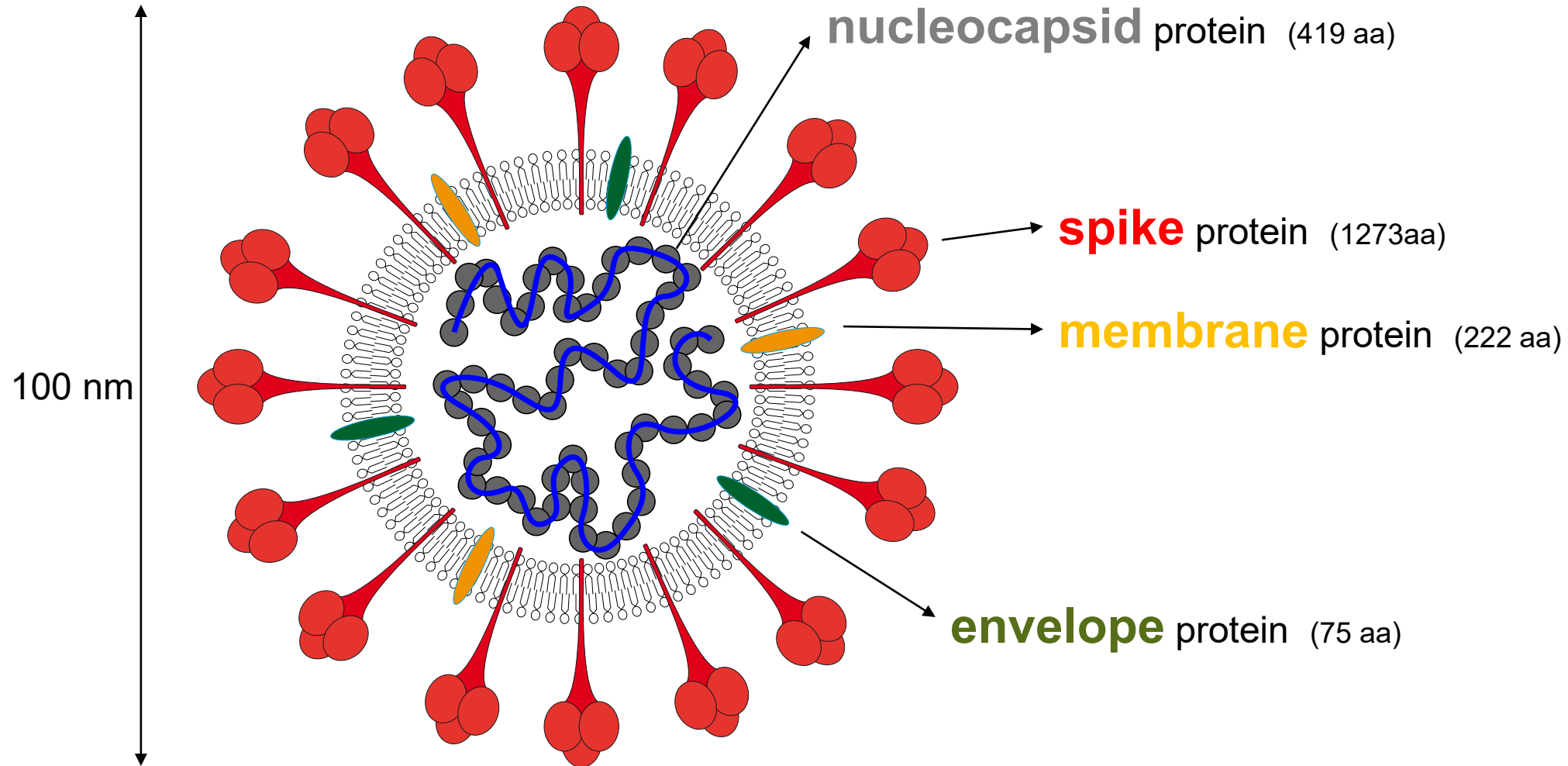
ImmunoScience Academy

Partnering for Education & Optimizing Treatment in ImmunoScience

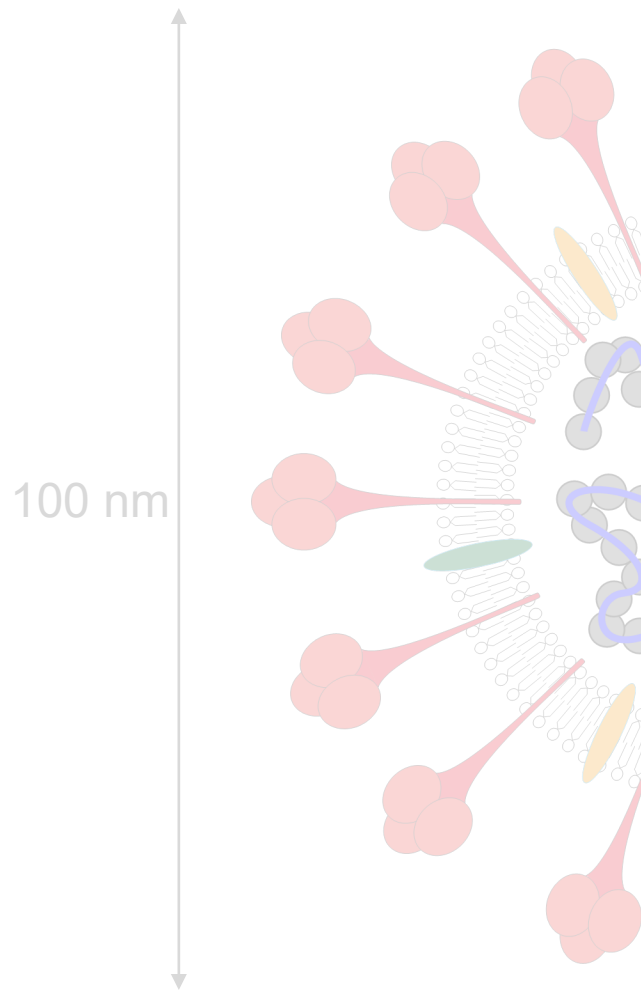
COVID-19 vaccinations: the immunology behind and are they delivering on expectations?

Pierre Coulie
de Duve Institute
University of Louvain

SARS-CoV-2 structural proteins



SARS-CoV-2 structural proteins



	Worldwide	Belgium
Number of cases	240×10^6	1.28×10^6
Number of confirmed deaths	4.9×10^6	25,750
Number of vaccinations	$6,650 \times 10^6$	16.7×10^6
Number of vaccinees	$3,750 \times 10^6$	8.65×10^6



- ▶ **Anti-SARS-CoV-2 S vaccines in Belgium**
- ▶ Adaptive immune response to these vaccines
- ▶ Towards better vaccines ?



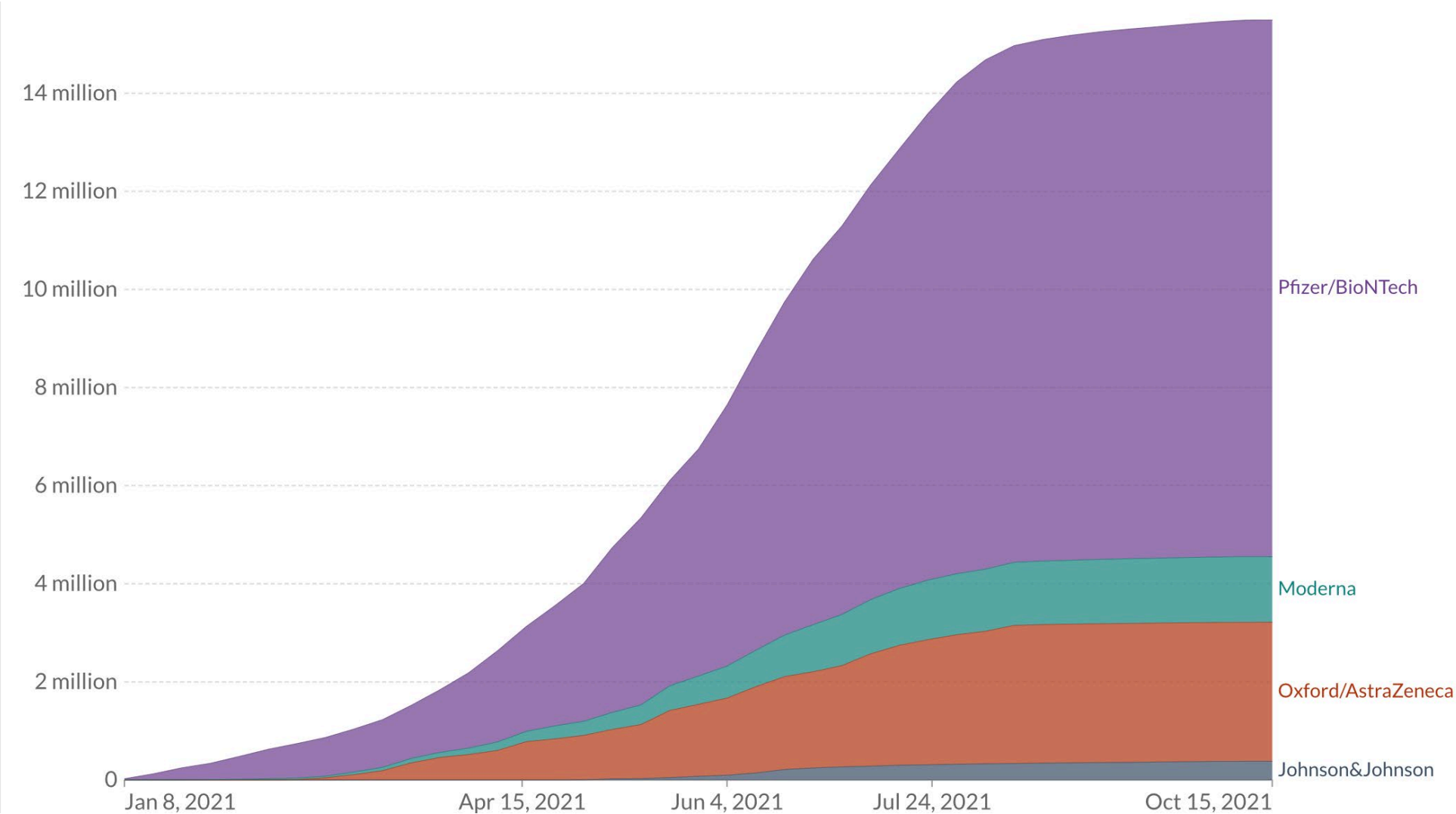
Anti-SARS-CoV-2 S vaccines in Belgium (oct 2021)

	Targeted antigen	Vehicle	Dose	Schedule	Storage
Pfizer-BioNTech¹ Comirnaty	SARS-CoV-2 S	mRNA in lipid nanoparticles	30 µg mRNA	2x 3w	- 70°C 9m
Moderna² Spikevax	SARS-CoV-2 S	mRNA in lipid nanoparticles	100 µg mRNA	2x 4w	- 20°C 7m
Astra Zeneca³ Vaxzevria	SARS-CoV-2 S	defective (replication deficient) chimpanzee adenovirus	5 x 10 ¹⁰ viral particles	2x 4-12w	4°C 6m
Johnson & Johnson⁴ Janssen COVID-19 Vaccine	SARS-CoV-2 S	defective (replication deficient) human adenovirus 26	5 x 10 ¹⁰ viral particles	1x	4°C 6m

1. Polack F, et al. N Engl J Med 2020;383:2603-2615; 2. Baden R, et al. N Engl J Med 2021;384:403-416; 3. Ramasamy M, et al. Lancet 2021;396:1979-1993; 4. Sadoff J, et al. N Engl J Med 2021;384:1824-1835.



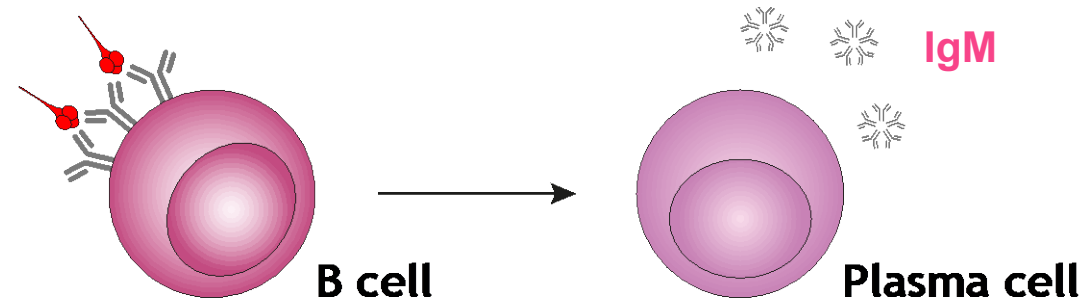
COVID-19 vaccines in Belgium



- ▶ Anti-SARS-CoV-2 S vaccines in Belgium
- ▶ **Adaptive immune response to these vaccines**
- ▶ Towards better vaccines ?

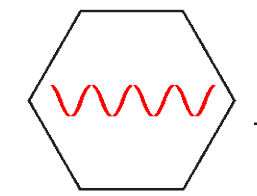
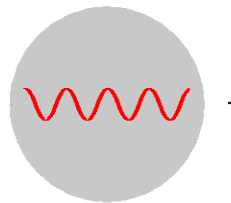


Adaptive immune response to adenovirus- or mRNA-based anti-SARS-CoV-2 **S** vaccines

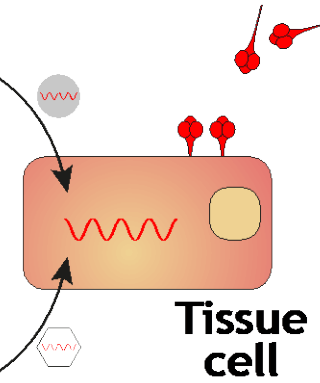


Adaptive immune response to adenovirus- or mRNA-based anti-SARS-CoV-2 S vaccines

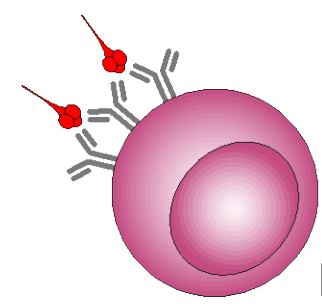
mRNA in lipid nanoparticle



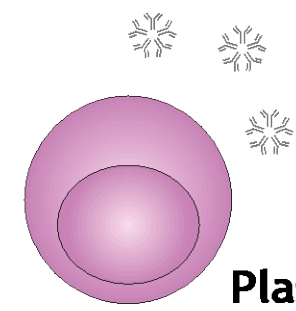
Recombinant adenovirus



Tissue cell



B cell



IgM

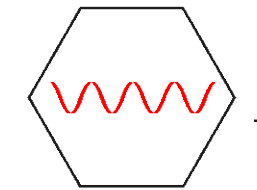
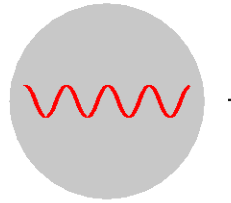
Plasma cell

1. Bettini M and Locci M. Vaccines 2021; 9):147; 2. Mendonça S, et al. NPJ Vaccines 2021;6:97.

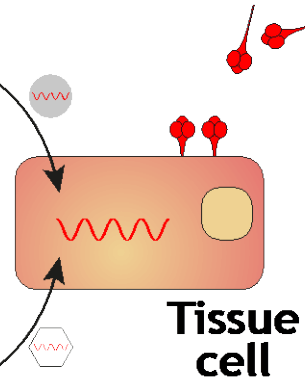


Adaptive immune response to adenovirus- or mRNA-based anti-SARS-CoV-2 S vaccines

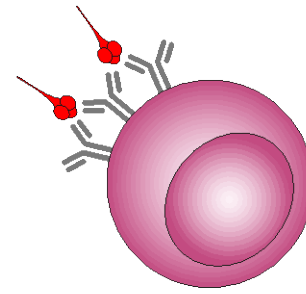
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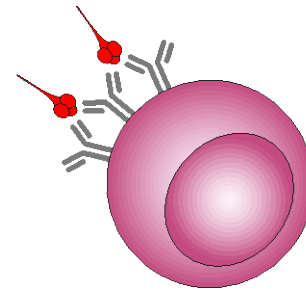
Recombinant adenovirus



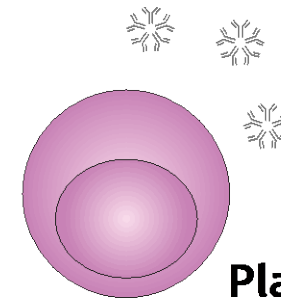
Tissue cell



B cell

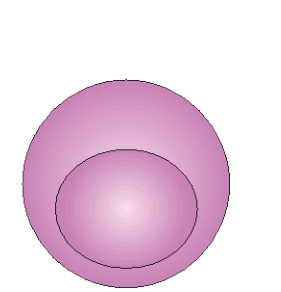


B cell



IgM

Plasma cell



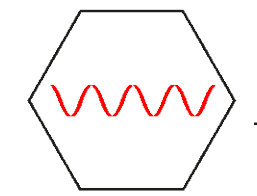
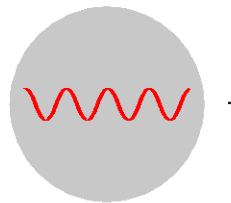
Plasma cell

IgG

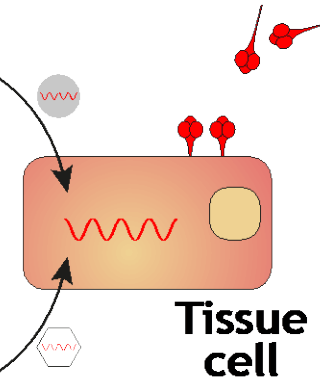


Adaptive immune response to adenovirus- or mRNA-based anti-SARS-CoV-2 S vaccines

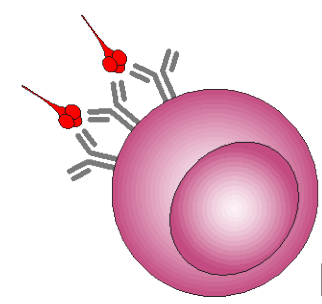
mRNA in lipid nanoparticle



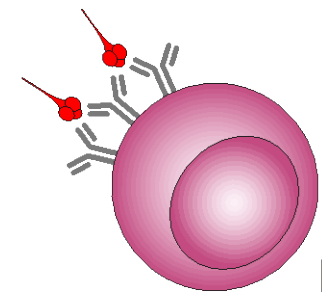
Recombinant adenovirus



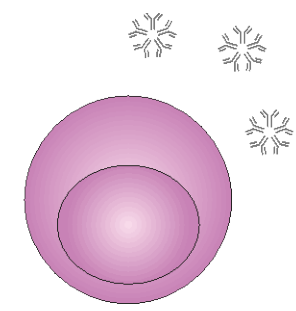
Tissue cell



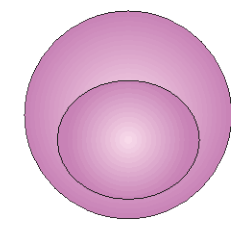
B cell



B cell



IgM



IgG

isotype switch
somatic mutations
memory

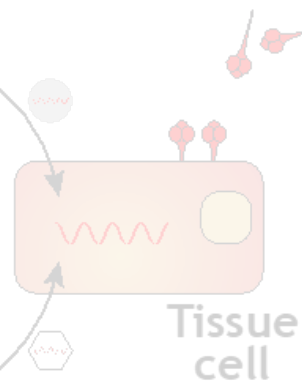


Adaptive immune response to adenovirus- or mRNA-based anti-SARS-CoV-2 S vaccines

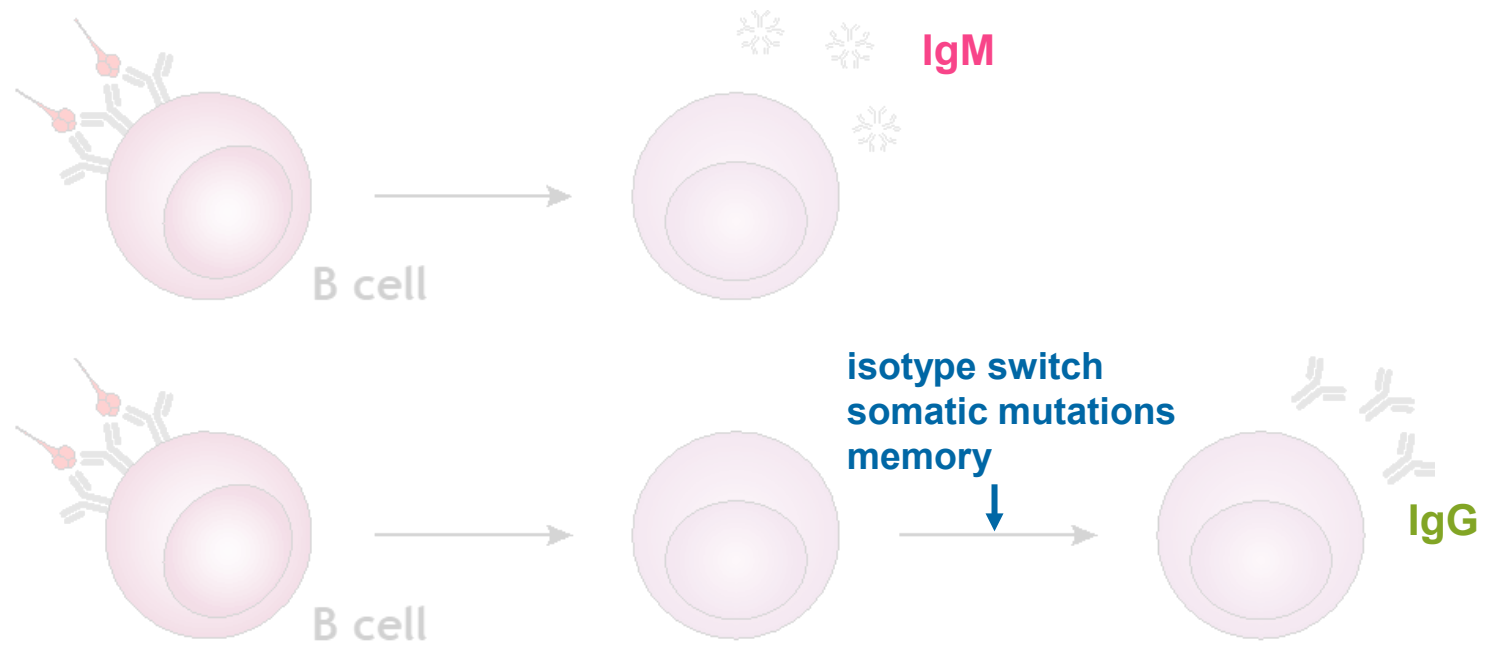
mRNA in lipid nanoparticle



Recombinant adenovirus



Tissue cell



	IgM	IgG
- Affinity	low	high

1. Bettini M and Locci M. Vaccines 2021; 9):147;
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Adaptive immune response to adenovirus- or mRNA-based anti-SARS-CoV-2 S vaccines

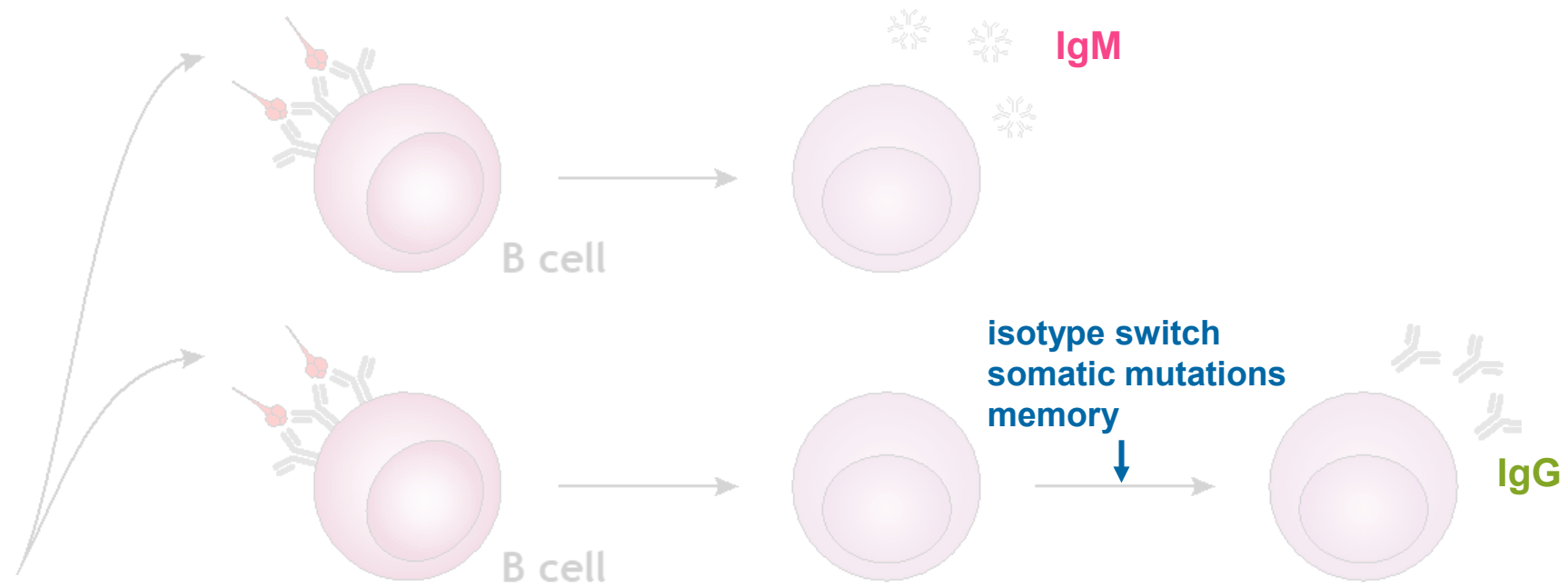
mRNA in lipid nanoparticle



Tissue cell



Recombinant adenovirus



	IgM	IgG
- Affinity	low	high
- Half-life	2-3 d	21 d

1. Bettini M and Locci M. Vaccines 2021; 9):147;
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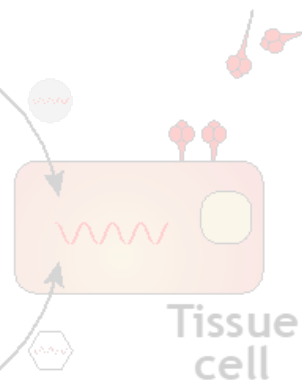


Adaptive immune response to adenovirus- or mRNA-based anti-SARS-CoV-2 S vaccines

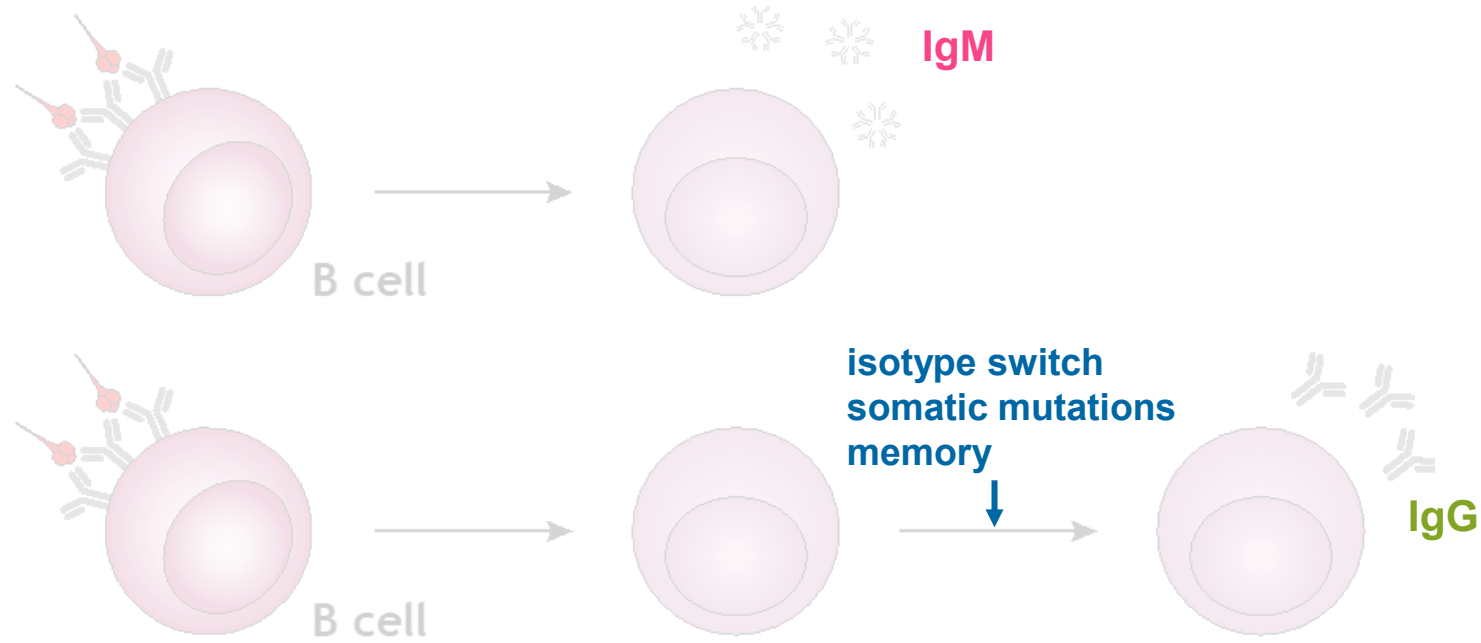
mRNA in lipid nanoparticle



Recombinant adenovirus



Tissue cell

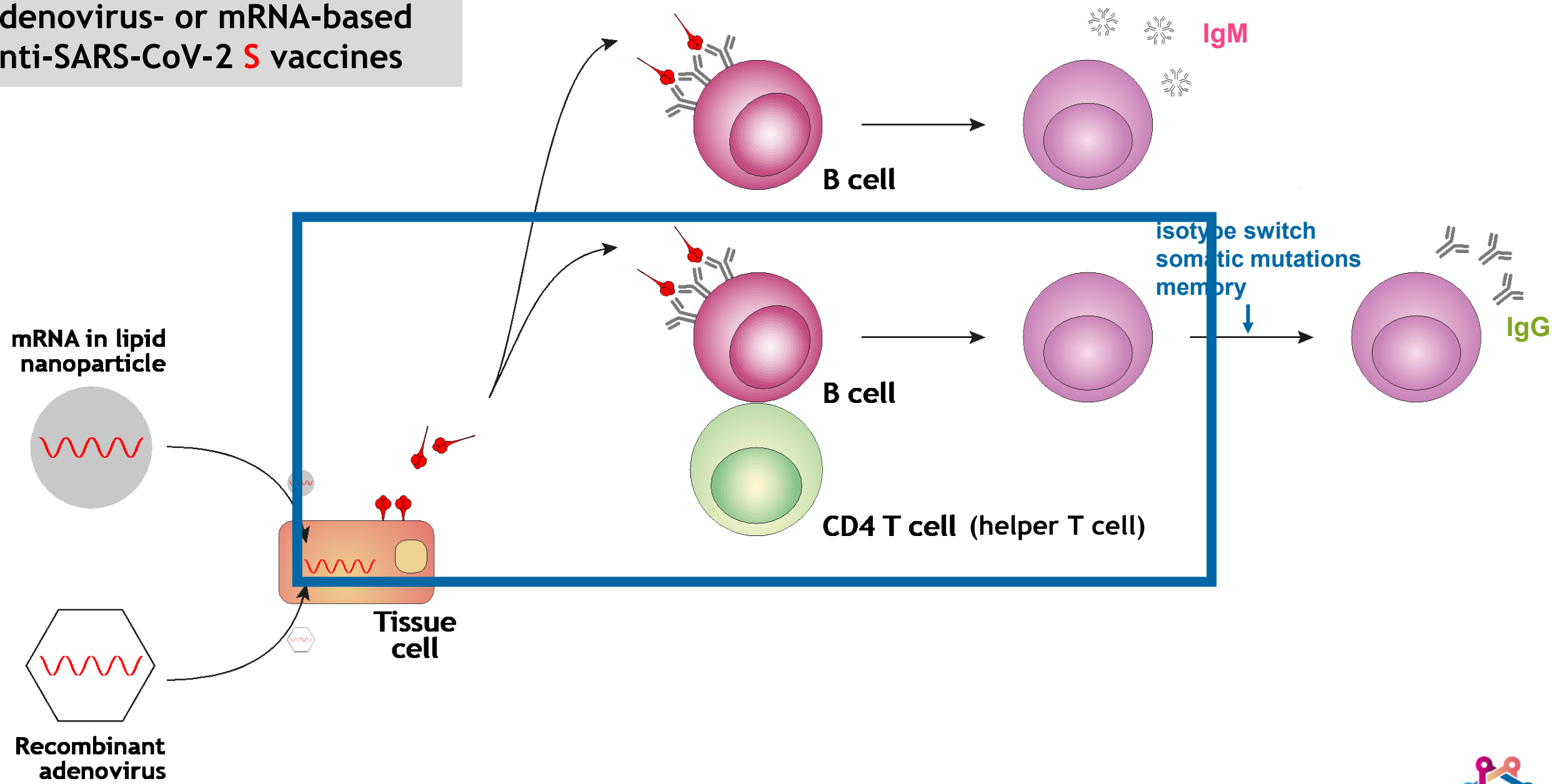


	IgM	IgG
- Affinity	low	high
- Half-life	2-3 d	21 d
- Functions	- neutralization - complement	- neutralization - complement - opsonisation (Fc γ R) - ADCC (Fc γ R) - placental transfer

1. Bettini M and Locci M. Vaccines 2021; 9):147;
2. Mendonça S, et al. NPJ Vaccines 2021;6:97.

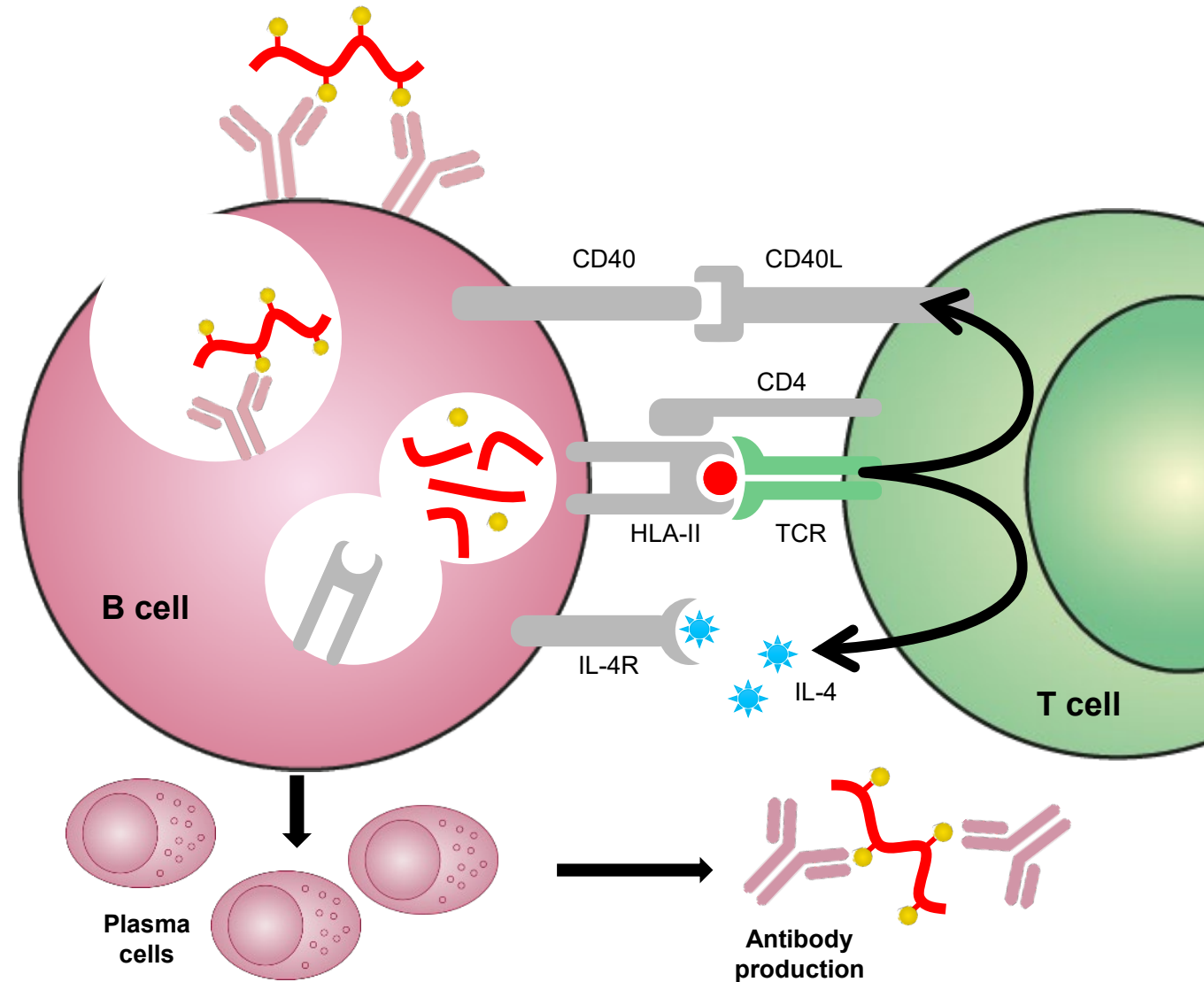


Adaptive immune response to adenovirus- or mRNA-based anti-SARS-CoV-2 S vaccines



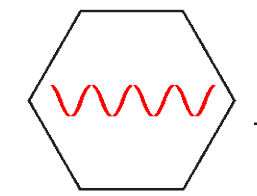
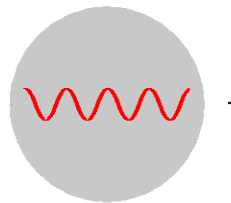
T-B collaboration

- ▶ The surface immunoglobulin that serves as the BCR has two roles in B-cell activation:
 - BCR binds antigen (a **hapten-carrier** complex), leading directly to the intracellular signaling cascade
 - BCR delivers the antigen to intracellular sites where it is degraded and returned to the B-cell surface as peptides bound to HLA class II molecules
- ▶ The peptide:HLA class II complex is recognized by helper T cells, stimulating them to express CD40L and secrete IL-4, which stimulates B-cell proliferation and differentiation into Ab-secreting cells

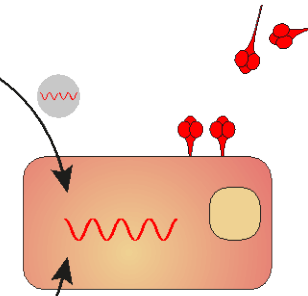


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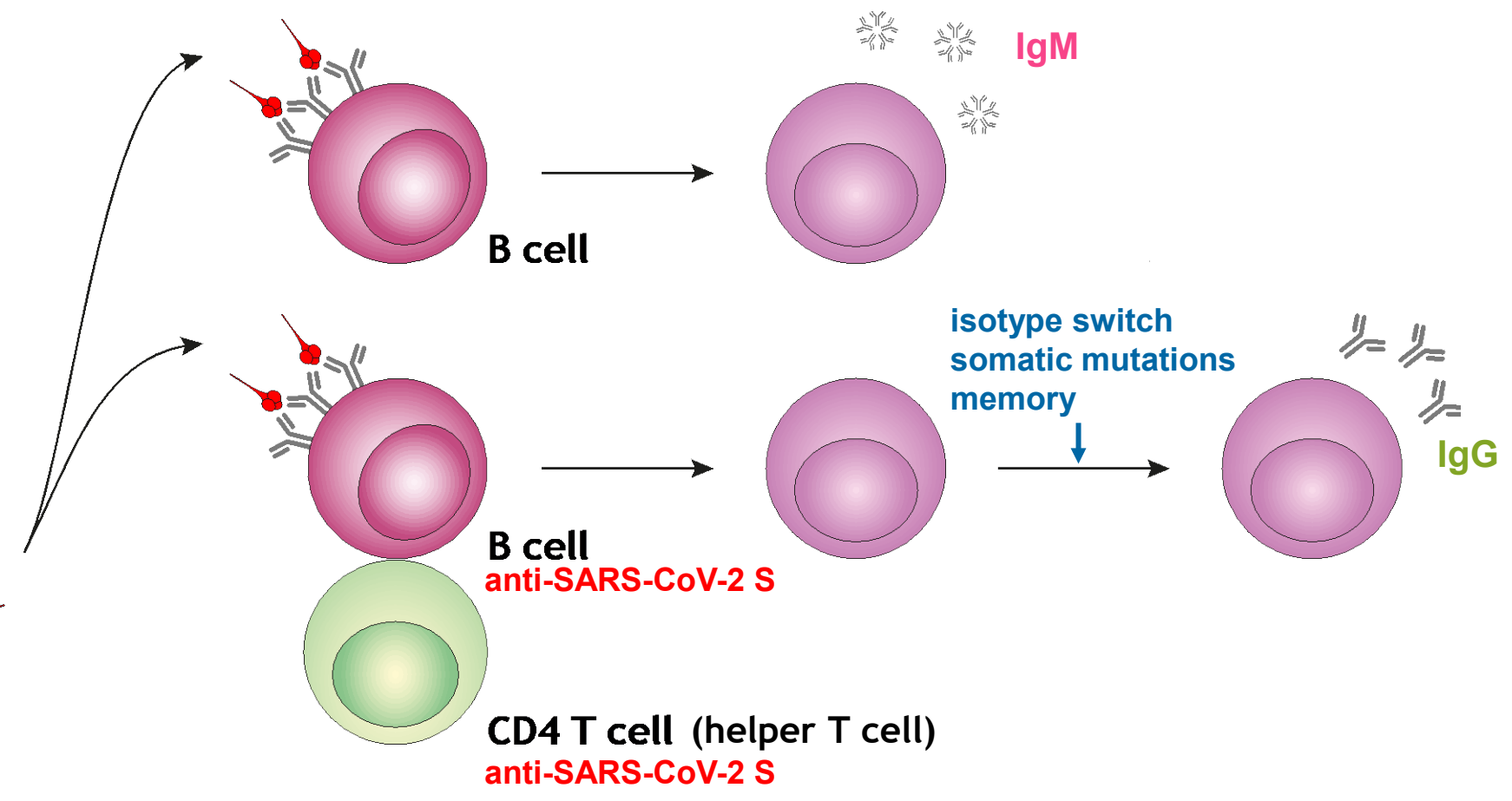
mRNA in lipid nanoparticle



Recombinant adenovirus



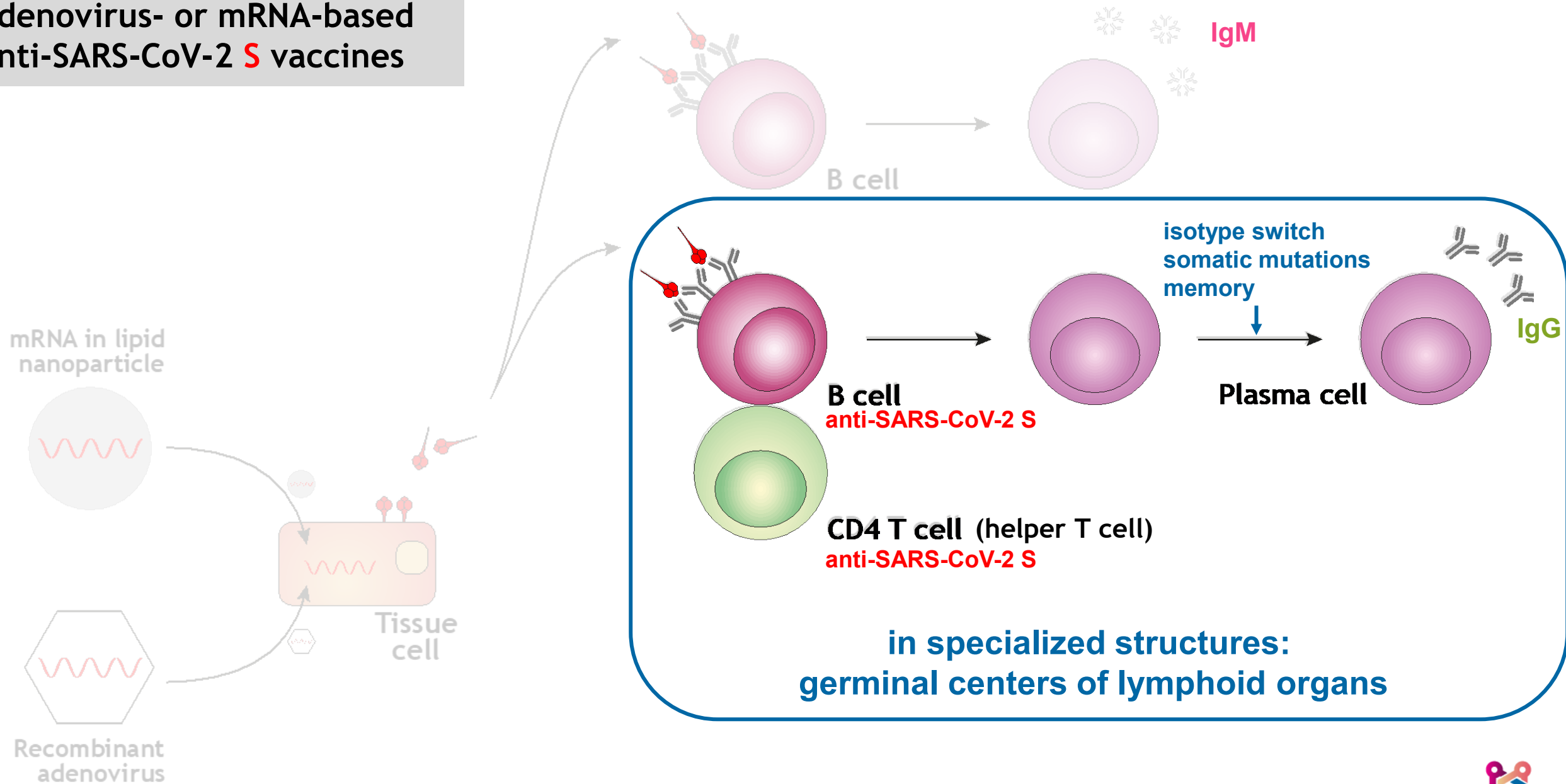
Tissue cell



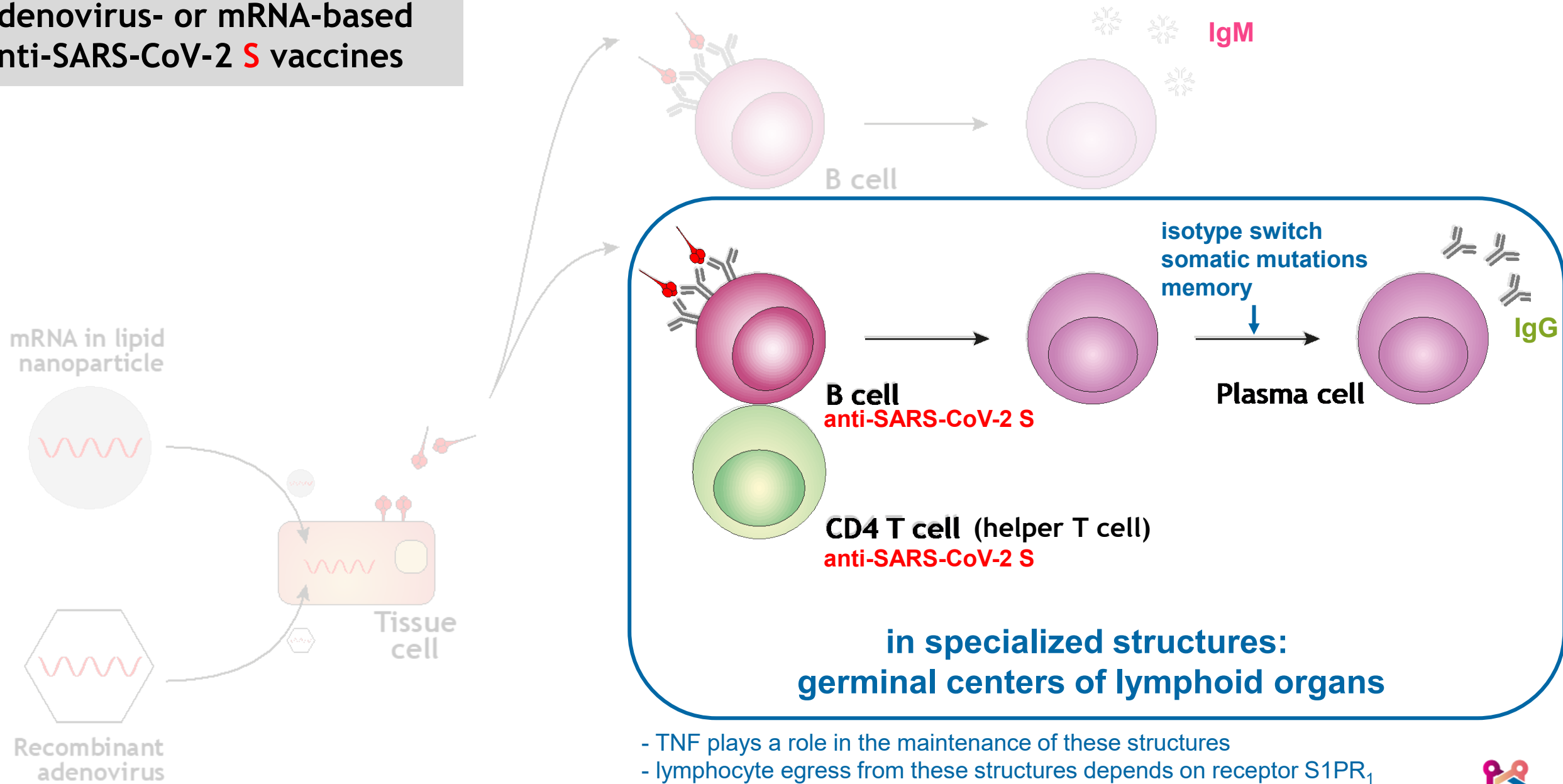
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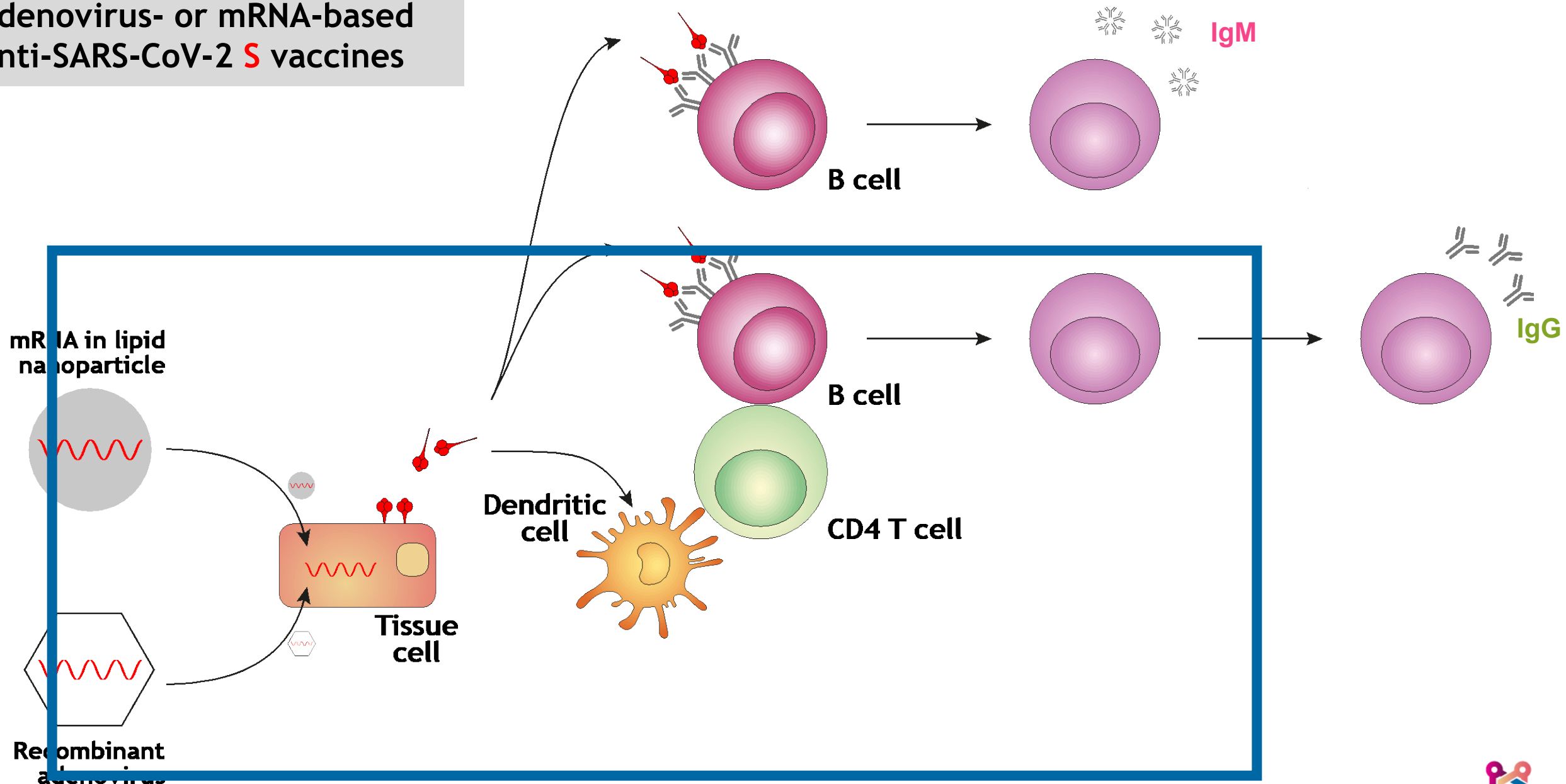
Adaptive immune response to adenovirus- or mRNA-based anti-SARS-CoV-2 S vaccines



Adaptive immune response to adenovirus- or mRNA-based anti-SARS-CoV-2 S vaccines

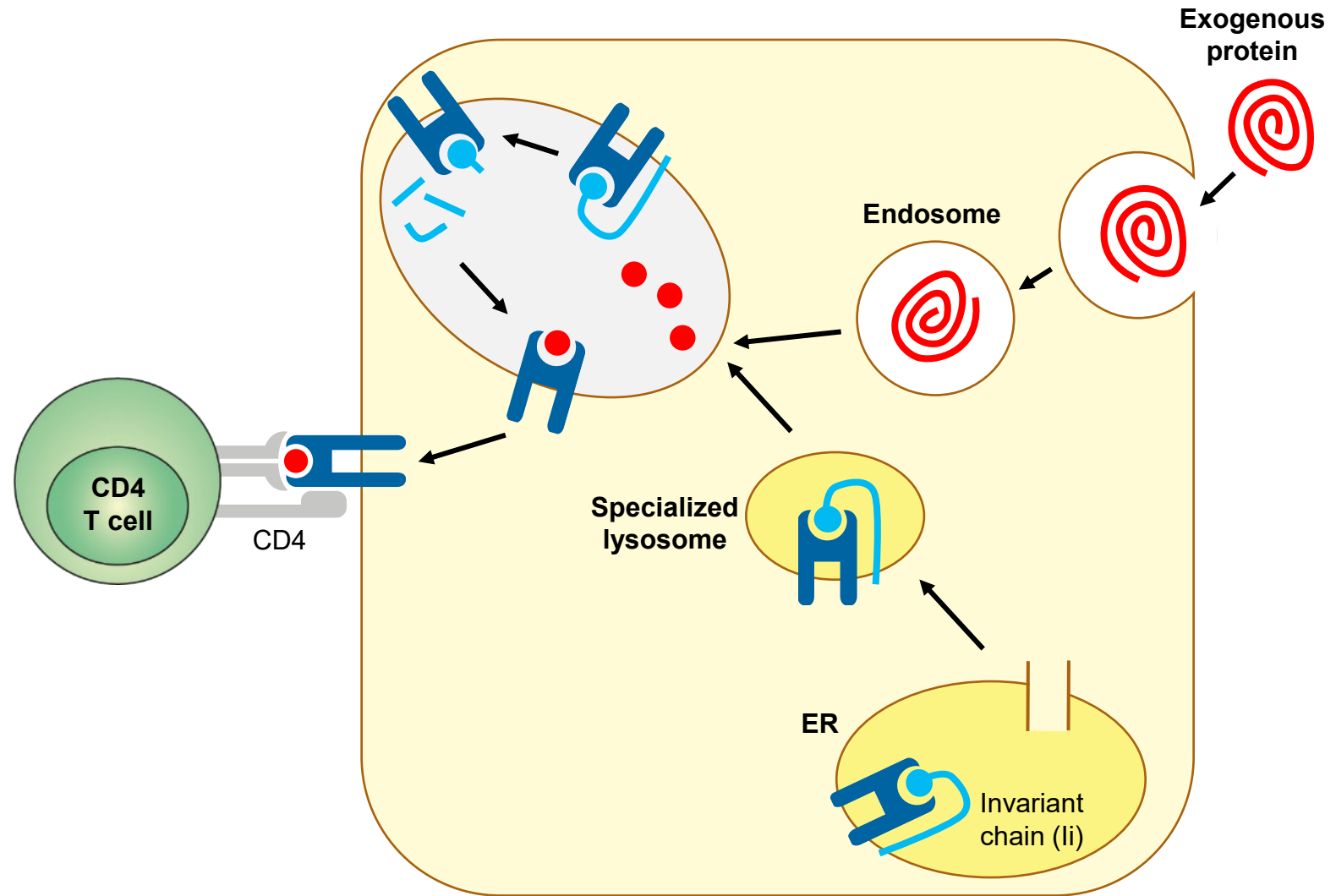


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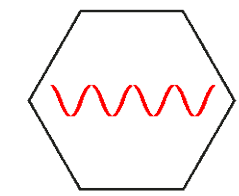
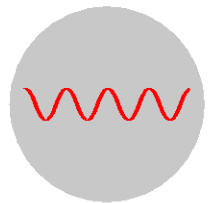
Canonical HLA class II antigen processing pathway

- ▶ HLA class II α - and β -chains assemble in the ER and form a complex with the invariant chain
- ▶ The heterotrimer is transported through the Golgi to the HLA class II compartment
- ▶ Endocytosed proteins and Ii are degraded by resident proteases
- ▶ The Ii fragment in the peptide-binding groove is exchanged for an antigenic peptide
- ▶ HLA class II molecules are transported to the plasma membrane to present antigenic peptides to CD4+ T cells

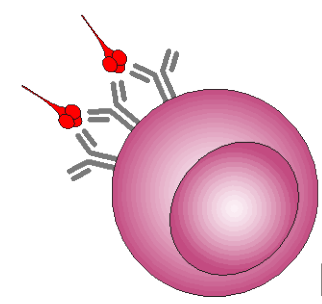
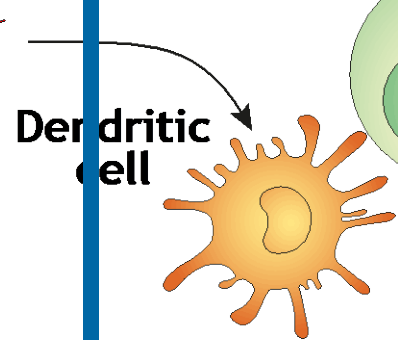
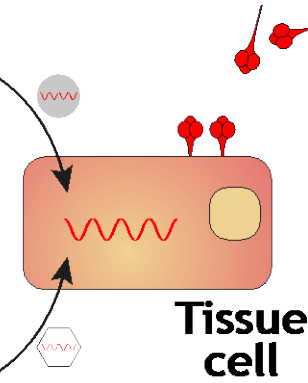


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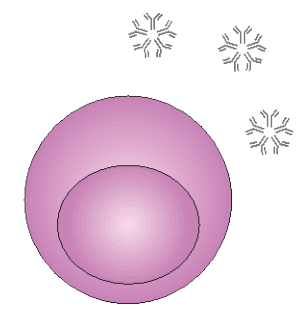
mRNA in lipid nanoparticle



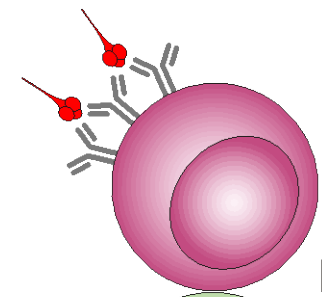
Recombinant adenovirus



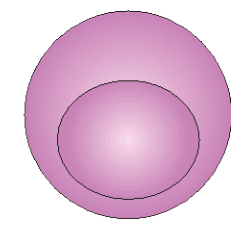
B cell



IgM



B cell



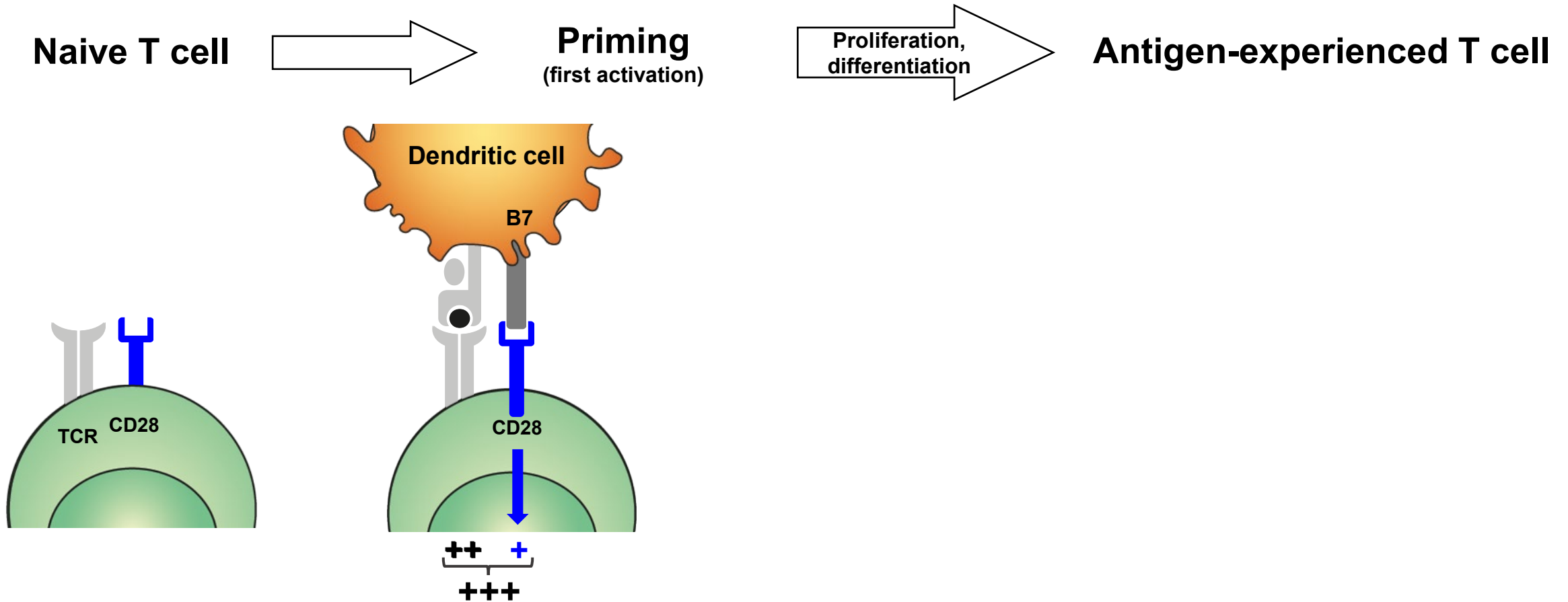
IgG

CD4 T cell

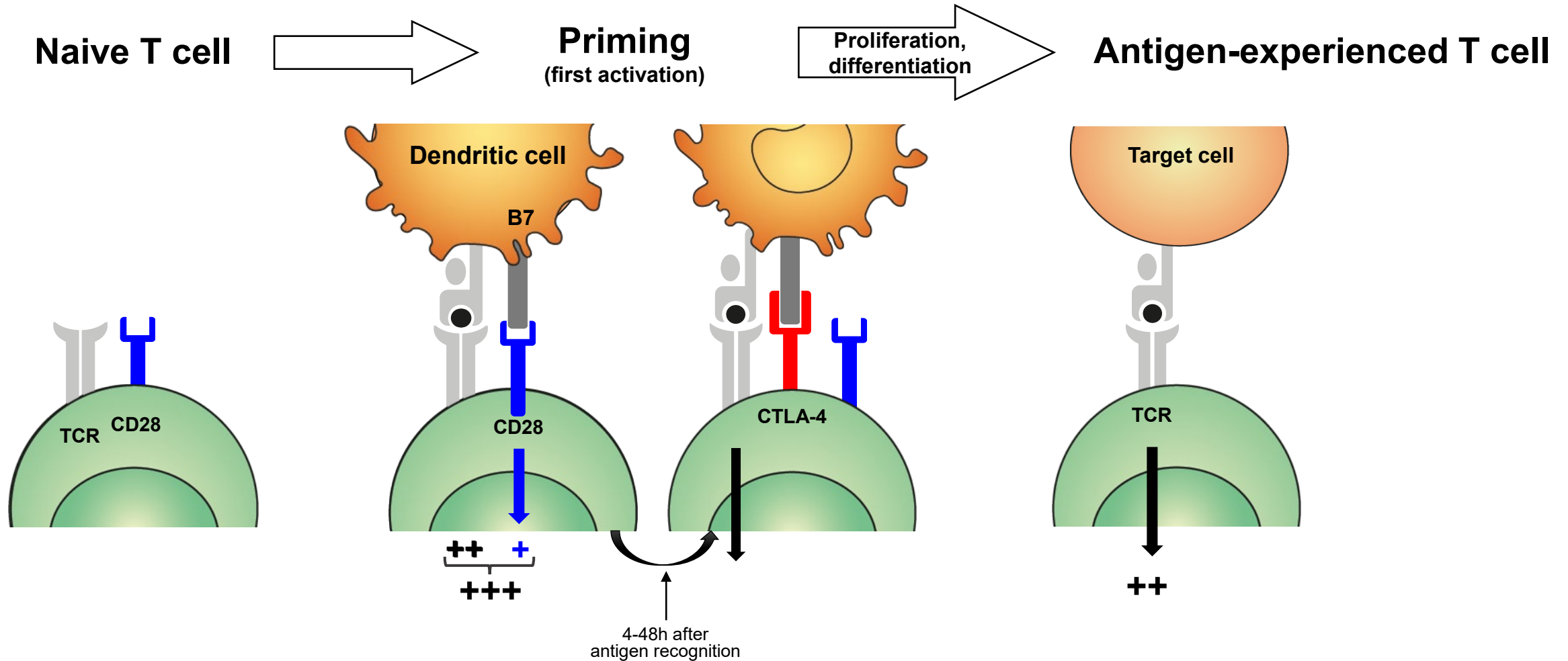
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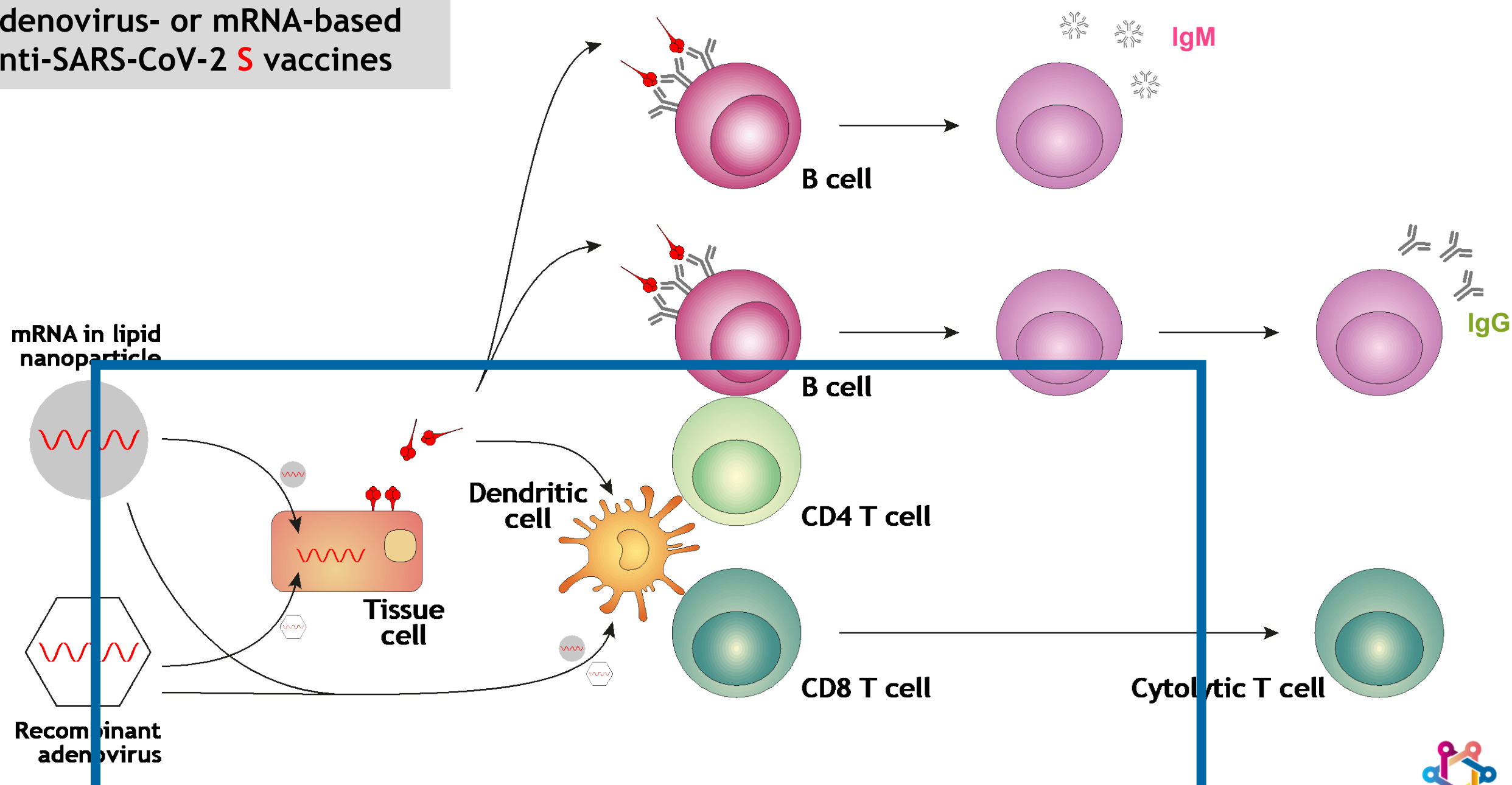
CD28: a stimulatory coreceptor required for T-cell priming



CD28: a stimulatory coreceptor required for T-cell priming



Adaptive immune response to adenovirus- or mRNA-based anti-SARS-CoV-2 S vaccines

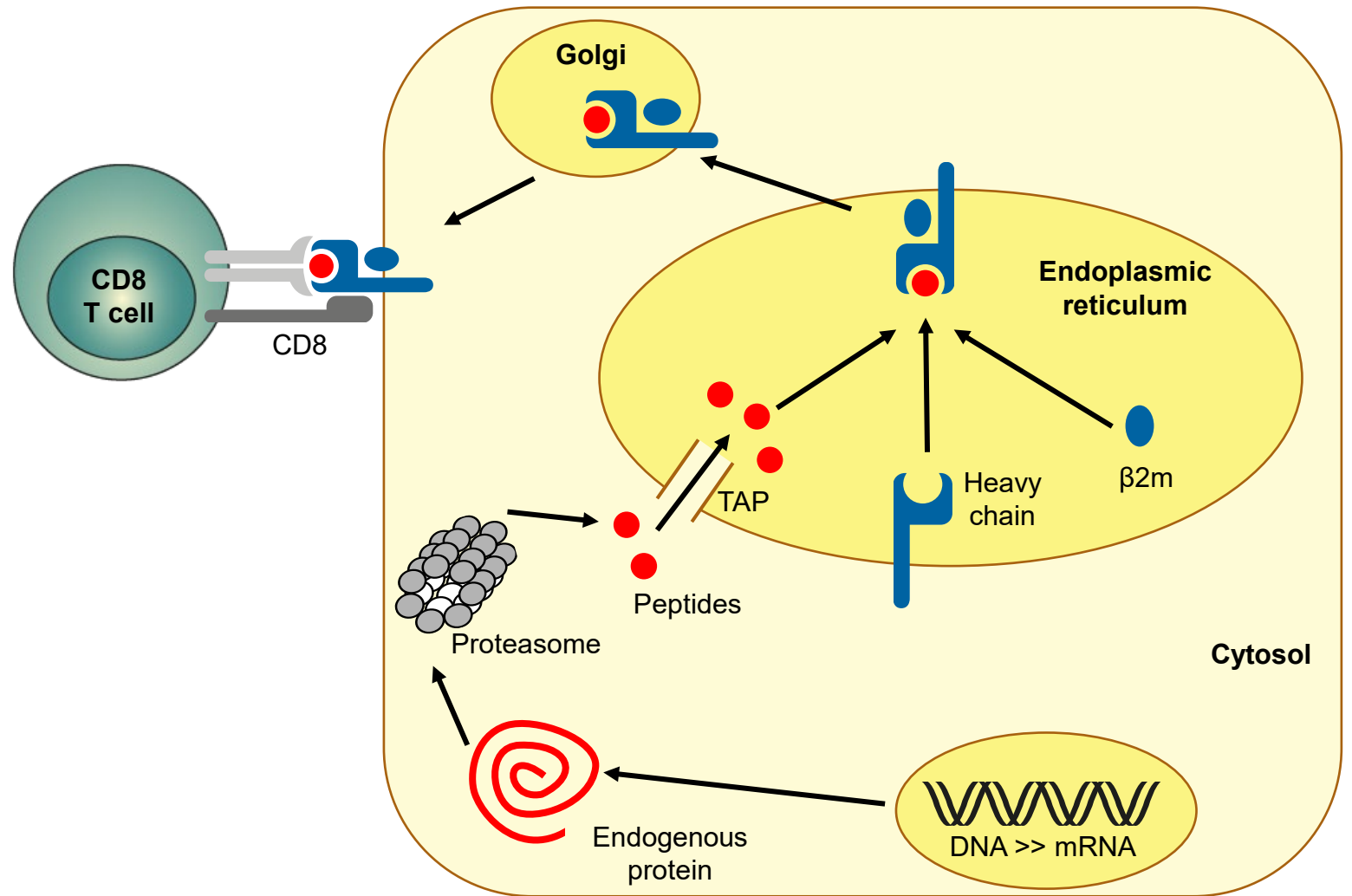


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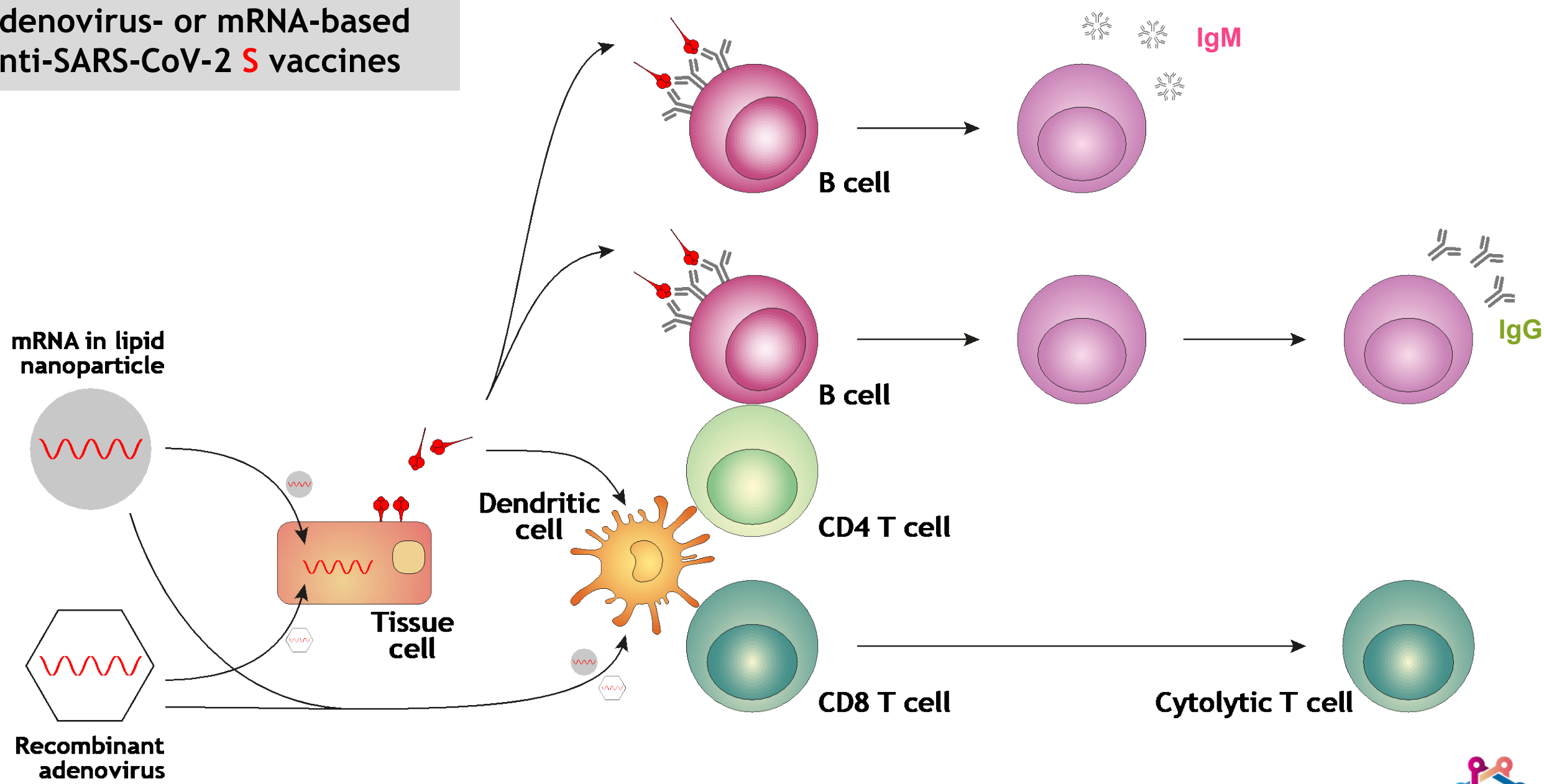


Canonical HLA class I antigen processing pathway

- ▶ Proteins are degraded by the proteasome
- ▶ Next, the resultant peptides are translocated by TAP into the ER lumen and loaded onto HLA class I molecules
- ▶ The peptide–HLA class I complexes are then released from the ER and transported via the Golgi to the plasma membrane
- ▶ The antigenic peptide is presented to CD8+ T cells



Adaptive immune response to adenovirus- or mRNA-based anti-SARS-CoV-2 S vaccines



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- ▶ Anti-SARS-CoV-2 S vaccines in Belgium
- ▶ Adaptive immune response to these vaccines
- ▶ **Towards better vaccines?**



Towards better vaccines?

- ▶ Broader immunity, i.e. not limited to the S protein
- ▶ Stimulate the production of IgA, to protect nasopharyngeal mucosae
- ▶ Longer immunity and protection
- ▶ Better protection against variants

